

Update from **Consultant Team**

Neches Regional Flood **Planning Group**

September 22, 2021

Update Overview

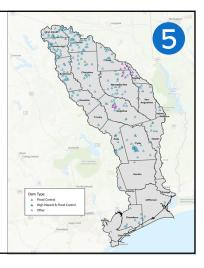
- · Task 1: Outreach & Data Collection
- Task 2A: Existing Flood Risk
- Task 3A: Floodplain Management Practices Overview
- Task 3B: Overview and Discussion of Floodplain Management Goals
- Task 3B: Floodplain Management Goals Workshop (Interactive Mentimeter survey)

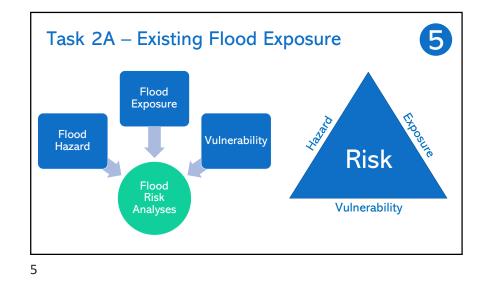
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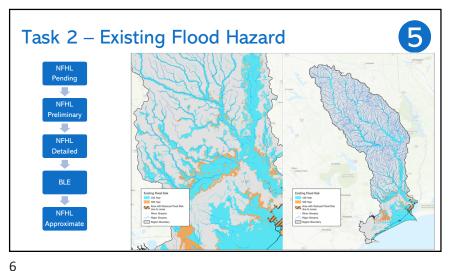


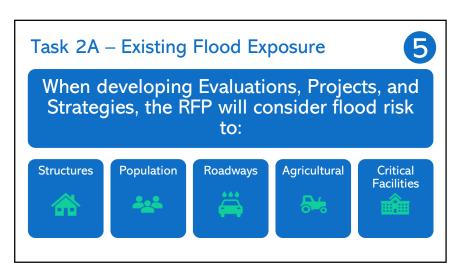
Task 1 – Dam Inventory

- 334 Dams Total •
 - 1 High Hazard Dam
 - **19 Flood Control Dams**
 - Other uses include Recreational, Irrigation, Water Supply, and Fire Protection



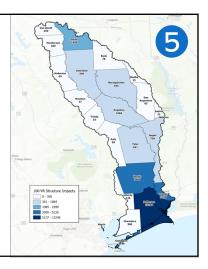






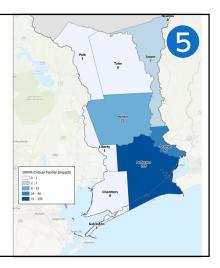


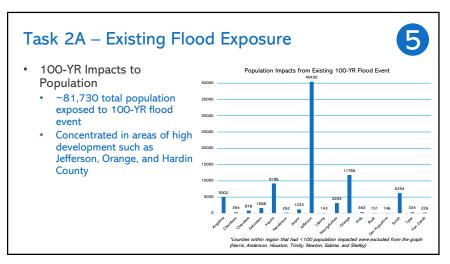
- 100-YR Structure Impacts
 32,394 Structures
 - 6.4% of all Structures
 - 40.2% of at-risk structures located in Jefferson County



Task 2A – Existing Flood Exposure

- 100-YR Critical Facilities within Lower Neches
 - 368 Critical Structures in 100-YR floodplain
 - 1,926 Critical Structures in 500-YR
 - 39% of Critical Structures in a flood hazard area
 - 90.6% of all at-risk Critical Structure located in Jefferson County

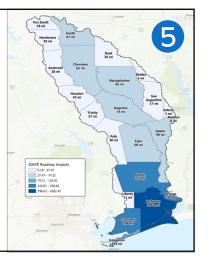




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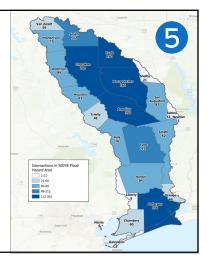
Task 2A – Existing Flood Exposure

- 100-YR Roadway Impacts
 - 964 miles of potential roadway inundation in 100-YR event
 - 5.4% of all TxDOT roadways in region
 - 3,350 TxDOT road intersections with streams
 - 135 LWCs identified
- 500-YR Roadway Impacts
 - 2,230 miles of roadway inundation
 12.6% of all TxDOT roadways in region
 - 3,350 Total TxDOT road intersection
 with streams
 - 146 LWCs identified



Task 2A – Existing Flood Exposure

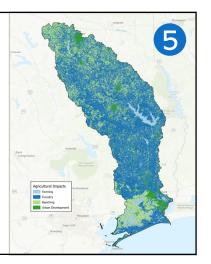
- Roadway Crossings in 100-YR
 1,619
- Roadway Crossings in 500-YR
 1,885



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Task 2A – Existing Flood Exposure

- Agricultural Impacts
 - 473 sq mi of Farming and Ranching land within 100-YR Flood Hazard Layer
 - 535 sq mi of Farming and Ranching land within 500-YR Flood Hazard Layer



Task 2A – Existing Flood Exposure

Agricultural Impacts

Land Classification	Area in Region (sq mi)	100-YR		500-YR	
		Area in Flood Hazard Layer (sq mi)	Total Exposed Property Value *(2020 USD)	Area in Flood Hazard Layer (sq mi)	Total Exposed Property Value *(2020 USD)
Farming	1,165	473	\$615M	535	\$695M
Forestry	7,167	1,970	N/A	2,126	N/A
Ranching	2,288	343	\$369M	438	\$471M
Urban Development	826	93	N/A	152	N/A

*based on Land Values 2020 Summary (USDA): \$2,030/ac (Cropland); \$1,680/ac (Pasture)

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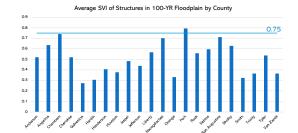
Task 2A – Social Vulnerability Index



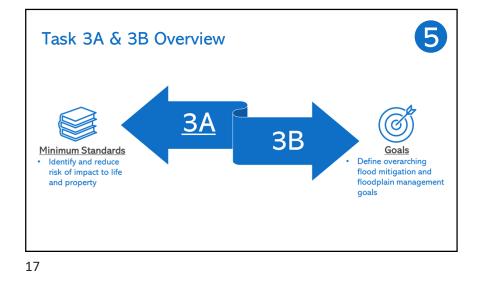
- Social Vulnerability Index (SVI) is intended as the proxy for resilience for this planning cycle
- FEMA defines vulnerability as the measure of the capacity to weather, resist, or recover from the impacts of a hazard in the long term as well as the short term
- U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) SVI ranks each Census tract (subdivisions of counties) on 15 social factors
 - Poverty
 - Lack of vehicle access
 - Crowded housing that influence a community's ability to prepare for, respond to, and recover from a disaster.

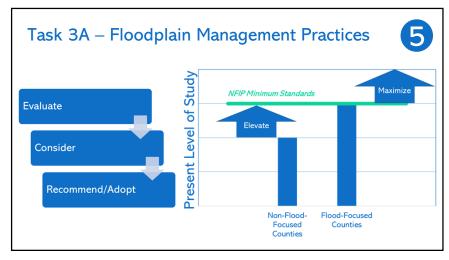
Task 2A – Vulnerability Analysis

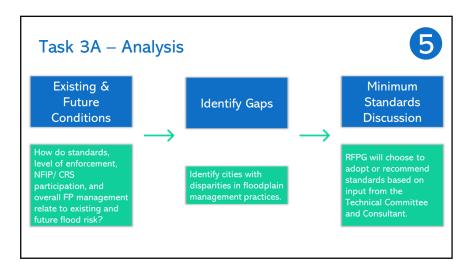
- SVI used to identify communities that may need support before, during or after disasters
- Higher SVI indicates higher need for support
- Polk County with average SVI > 0.75



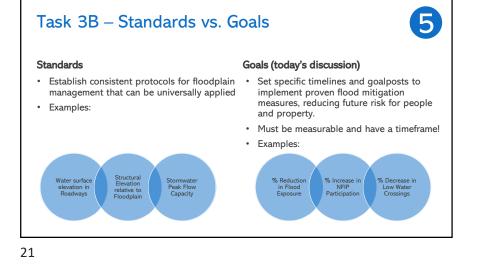
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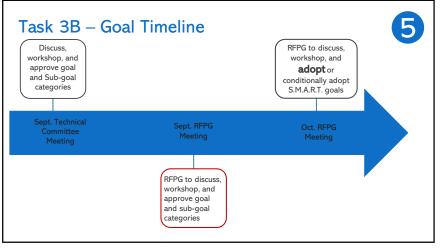


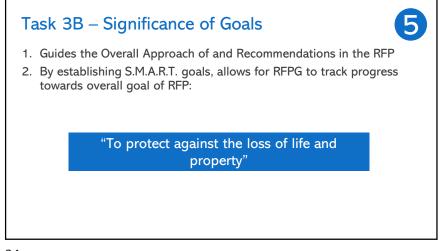


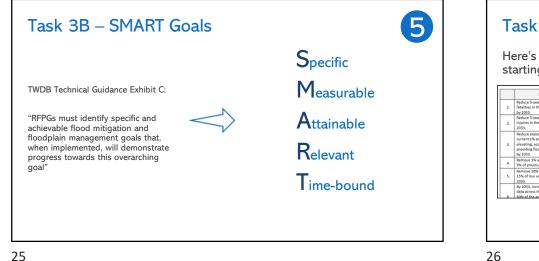


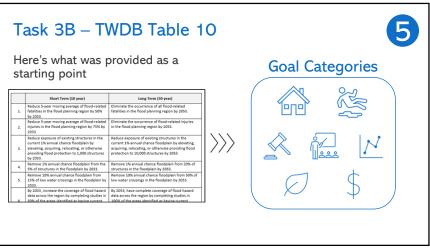


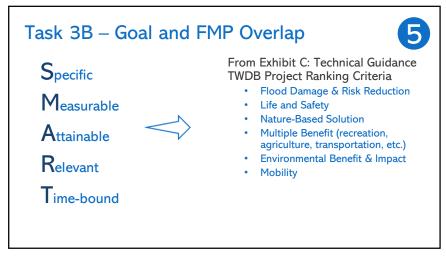


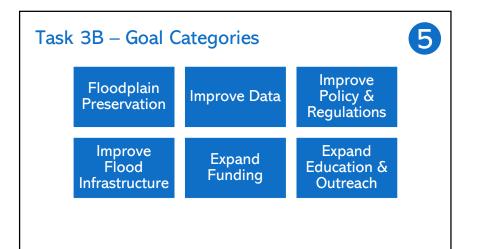


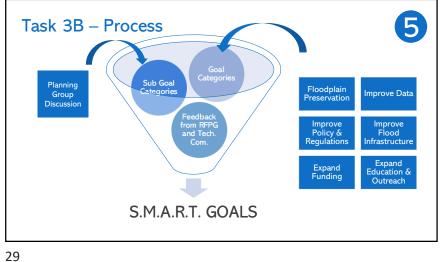




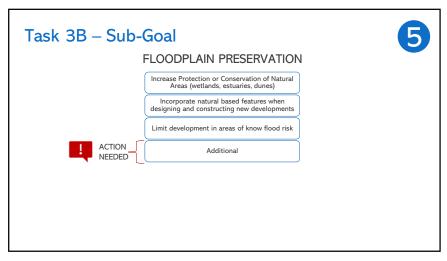




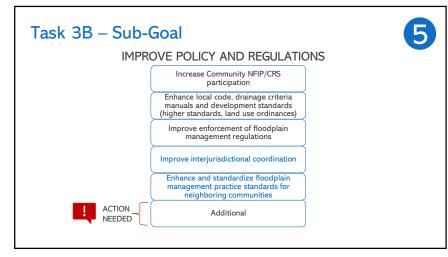


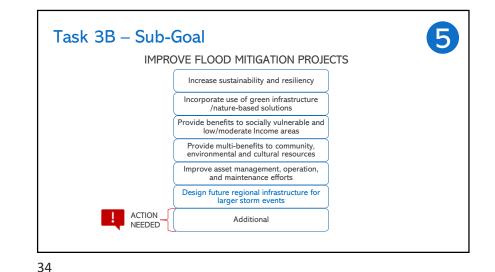


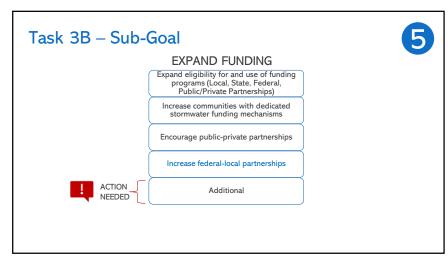
Task 3B – Goal	Categories	5
	PROTECT LIFE & PROPERTY	
	Floodplain Preservation)
	Improve Data	
	Improve Policy & Regulations	
	Improve Flood Infrastructure	
	Expand Funding	
ACTION	Expand Education & Outreach	
NEEDED	Additional	



	IMPROVE DATA	P
	Develop and Maintain Critical Infrastructure Database	
	Implement Flood Infrastructure Inspection Programs	
	Improve Number of H&H Models	
	Increase Number of Real-Time Monitoring Systems	
ACTION NEEDED	Additional	

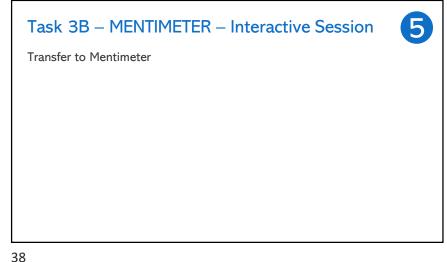






EX	PAND EDUCATION & OUTREA		5
	Improve flood awareness and disaster preparedness		
	Increase number of flood insurance policyholders		
	Encourage individuals to purchase flood insurance		
	Increase pipeline of flood professionals		
	Improve participation from public and stakeholders in flood planning processes	Ĵ	
	Additional		







- **<u>FMS</u>**: Strategies which can be implemented to reduce risk of flooding, freeboard requirements, no adverse impact, etc.
- EMP: Bridge improvements, dam improvements, flood walls, levees, channel improvements, regional detention, property acquisition, flood readiness and resilience, etc.

